

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product ID: FA01

**Product Name:** Forch Brake Cleaner, 25L

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 2.0
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Product/Recommended Uses: Automotive brake and metal cleaner

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# Classification

# **Pictograms**









### Signal Word

Danger

# Hazardous Statements - Health

H373 - May cause damage to organs.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

# **Hazardous Statements - Physical**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

# **Hazardous Statements - Environmental**

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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# **Precautionary Statements - General**

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all other equipment.
- P264 Wash hands, face and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

# **Precautionary Statements - Response**

- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- P321 Specific treatment- see First Aid on this label.
- P378 Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide to extinguish.
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide to extinguish.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

- P406 Store in a corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
- P405 Store locked up.
- P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

# **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

# **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

 CAS
 Chemical Name
 % By Weight

 0000110-54-3
 HEXANE
 40% - 100%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

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### Inhalation

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air, keep comfortable for breathing and keep warm. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

#### **Eve Contact**

If irritation occurs, cautiously rinse eyes with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

# **Skin Contact**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard. For gross contamination, immediately drench with water and remove clothing. For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Give a glass of water to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, give further water. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

# Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both acute and Delayed

No data available.

### Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire: Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Large Fire: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use straight stream of water.

# Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Containers may explode in fire. Cylinders exposed to fire may vent and release toxic gas through pressure relief devices. Flameproof equipment necessary in area where this chemical is being used. Nearby equipment must be earthed. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Electrical requirements for work area should be assessed according to AS3000. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. On burning or decomposing may emit toxic fumes.

### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. Do not allow contaminated extinguishing water to enter the soil, ground-water or surface waters.

### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.

# **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# **Emergency Procedure**

Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Stay uphill and/or upstream. Do not walk through released material.

### Recommended Equipment

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### **Personal Precautions**

DO NOT breathe vapor or mist.

DO NOT get on skin, eyes or clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Suppress gases with water spray jet. Neutralization may be required before discharging sewage into treatment plants.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Ventilate area after clean-up is complete. For small spills: wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). For large spills: absorb with vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Dispose of contaminated materials according to federal, state and local regulations.

# **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### General

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

All containers must be properly labelled.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

DO NOT breathe vapor or mist.

### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Report ventilation failures immediately.

### **Storage Room Requirements**

Store gas cylinders separately, away from processing and handling areas, and from incompatible materials. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Protect containers against banging or other physical damage when storing, transferring, or using them. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use, check regularly for leaks. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Store in dry, well-ventilated, cool areas, out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials and other sources of heat.

# **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# Eye protection

Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids

### **Skin Protection**

Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity.

# Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. If risk of inhalation exists wear organic vapor/particulate respirator.

### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

| Chemical Name | ACGIH<br>TWA<br>(mg/m3) | ACGIH<br>STEL<br>(ppm) | ACGIH<br>STEL<br>(mg/m3) | ACGIH<br>TWA<br>(ppm) | ACGIH<br>Carcinogen | ACGIH<br>TLV Basis                                      | ACGIH<br>Notations | WES<br>TWA<br>(mg/m3) | WES<br>STEL<br>(ppm) | WES<br>STEL<br>(mg/m3) | WES<br>TWA<br>(ppm) | WES<br>HEALTH |
|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| HEXANE        | 176                     |                        |                          | 50                    |                     | CNS<br>impair;<br>peripheral<br>neuropathy<br>; eye irr | Skin, BEI          | 72                    |                      |                        | 20                  |               |

| Chemical Name | OSHA<br>TWA<br>(ppm) | OSHA<br>TWA<br>(mg/m3) | OSHA<br>STEL<br>(ppm) | OSHA<br>STEL<br>(mg/m3) | OSHA<br>Skin<br>designation | OSHA<br>Carcinogen |
|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| HEXANE        | 500                  | 1800                   |                       |                         |                             |                    |

<sup>(</sup>C) - Ceiling limit, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

| Density            | 5.66 lb/gal |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Specific Gravity   | 0.68        |
| % VOC              | 84.00%      |
| Density VOC        | 4.75 lb/gal |
| % Solids By Weight | 0.00%       |

Appearance Colourless liquid
Odor Description Petroleum-like
Odor Threshold Data not available
pH Data not available
Water Solubility 0.0115g/l (20°C)
VOC Part A & B Combined Data not available

Flash Point Symbol - Flash Point 20 °C

Viscosity Data not available
Lower Explosion Level Data not available

Vapor Pressure
Upper Explosion Level
Vapor Data not available
Upper Explosion Level
Data not available
Vapor Density
Data not available

Auto Ignition Temp
Decomposition Pt
Decomposition Pt
Evaporation Rate
Data not available

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### **Stability**

The product is stable under normal storage conditions.

# **Conditions to Avoid**

Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition.

# **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Will not occur.

### Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes.

# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes skin irritation

# Carcinogenicity

No Data Available

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

No Data Available

### Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause bronchopneumonia or pulmonary oedema.

No Data Available

# **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

No Data Available

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

May cause damage to organs.

Prolonged exposure to inhalation of high concentration can lead to unconsciousness.

# **Aspiration Hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

### **Acute Toxicity**

Inhalation of high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of co-ordination and impaired judgment.

Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.

No Data Available

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Toxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

### **Bio-accumulative Potential**

No data available.

# **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

### Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# **Waste Disposal**

It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **ADG Information**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".

UN No: 1208

Proper Shipping Name: HEXANES

Flammable Liquid Class 3

Packaging Group II

HAZCHEM: 3YE

### **IMDG** Information

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea

UN No: 1208

Proper Shipping Name: HEXANES

Flammable Liquid Class 3

Packaging Group II

This material is classified as a marine Pollutant (P) according to the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

### **IATA Information**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

UN No: 1208

Proper Shipping Name: HEXANES

Flammable Liquid Class 3

Packaging Group II

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# **ERMA New Zealand Approval Code**

ERMA Group Standard: Aerosol (Flammable) Group Standard 2006; HSR002515

| CAS          | Chemical Name | % By Weight | Regulation List |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 0000110-54-3 | HEXANE        | 40% - 100%  | DSL,VOC,TSCA    |

# SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDING INFORMATION ON PREPARATION AND REVISION OF THE SDS

# Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADG- Australian Dangerous Goods Code; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; DSL- Domestic Substances List; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration; SCBA- Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; VOC- Volatile Organic Compounds; WES- Workplace Exposure Standards

### **DISCLAIMER**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.